

RELIABILITY REPORT

FOR

MAX7370AWA+T / MAX7370ATG+T

WAFER LEVEL PRODUCTS / PLASTIC ENCAPSULATED PRODUCTS

November 22, 2011

MAXIM INTEGRATED PRODUCTS

120 SAN GABRIEL DR. SUNNYVALE, CA 94086

Approved by				
Richard Aburano				
Quality Assurance				
Manager, Reliability Engineering				



Conclusion

The MAX7370AWA+T / MAX7370ATG+T successfully meets the quality and reliability standards required of all Maxim products. In addition, Maxim's continuous reliability monitoring program ensures that all outgoing product will continue to meet Maxim's quality and reliability standards.

Table of Contents

IDevice Description	VQuality Assurance Information
IIManufacturing Information	VIReliability Evaluation
IIIPackaging Information	IVDie Information
Attachments	

I. Device Description

A. General

The MAX7370 I2C-interfaced peripheral provides microprocessors with management of up to 64 key switches, with optional GPIO and PWM-controlled LED drivers. The key-switch drivers interface with metallic or resistive switches with on-resistances up to 5kl. Key inputs are monitored statically, not dynamically, to ensure low-EMI operation. The IC features autosleep and autowake modes to further minimize the power consumption of the device. The autosleep feature puts the device in a low-power state (1µA typ) after a timeout period. The autowake feature configures the device to return to normal operating mode from sleep upon a keypress.

The key controller debounces and maintains a FIFO buffer of keypress and release events (including autorepeat, if enabled). An interrupt (INT) output can be configured to alert keypresses, as they occur, or at the maximum rate. The same index rows and columns in the device can be used as a direct logic-level translator.

If the device is not used for key-switch control, all keyboard pins can be used as GPIOs. Each GPIO can be programmed to one of the two externally applied logic voltage levels. Four column ports (COL7–COL4) can also be configured as LED drivers that feature constant-current and PWM intensity control. The maximum constant-current level for each open-drain LED port is 20mA. The intensity of the LED on each open-drain port can be individually adjusted through a 256-step PWM control.

The device is offered in a 24-pin (3.5mm x 3.5mm) TQFN package with an exposed pad, and small 25-bump (2.159mm x 2.159mm) wafer-level package (WLP) for cell phones, pocket PCs, and other portable consumer electronic applications. The device operates over the -40°C to +85°C extended temperature range.



II. Manufacturing Information

A. Description/Function: 8 x 8 Key-Switch Controller and LED Driver/GPIOs with I2C

Interface and High Level of ESD Protection

B. Process: S18C. Number of Device Transistors: 93400D. Fabrication Location: USA

E. Assembly Location: Japan and USA Taiwan and Thailand

F. Date of Initial Production: June 23, 2011

III. Packaging Information

A. Package Type: 25-bump WLP 5x5 24-pin TQFN 3.5x3.5

B. Lead Frame: N/A Copper

C. Lead Finish: N/A 100% matte Tin

D. Die Attach: N/A ConductiveE. Bondwire: N/A (N/A mil dia.) Au (1 mil dia.)

F. Mold Material: N/A Epoxy with silica filler

G. Assembly Diagram: #05-9000-4351
 Diagram: #05-9000-4351
 Flammability Rating: Class UL94-V0
 Class UL94-V0

I. Classification of Moisture Sensitivity per Level 1 Level 1

JEDEC standard J-STD-020-C

 J. Single Layer Theta Ja:
 °C/W
 65.1°C/W

 K. Single Layer Theta Jc:
 °C/W
 5°C/W

 L. Multi Layer Theta Ja:
 52°C/W
 65.1°C/W

 M. Multi Layer Theta Jc:
 °C/W
 5.4°C/W

IV. Die Information

A. Dimensions: 85 X 85 mils

B. Passivation: Si₃N₄/SiO₂ (Silicon nitride/ Silicon dioxide)

C. Interconnect: Al/0.5%Cu with Ti/TiN Barrier

D. Backside Metallization: None

E. Minimum Metal Width: Metal1 = 0.23 / Metal2-3 = 0.28 / Metal 4 = 2.6 microns (as drawn)
 F. Minimum Metal Spacing: Metal1 = 0.23 / Metal2-3 = 0.28 / Metal 4 = 3.0 microns (as drawn)

G. Bondpad Dimensions:

H. Isolation Dielectric: SiO₂I. Die Separation Method: Wafer Saw



V. Quality Assurance Information

A. Quality Assurance Contacts: Richard Aburano (Manager, Reliability Engineering)

Don Lipps (Manager, Reliability Engineering)

Bryan Preeshl (Vice President of QA)

B. Outgoing Inspection Level: 0.1% for all electrical parameters guaranteed by the Datasheet.

0.1% For all Visual Defects.

C. Observed Outgoing Defect Rate: < 50 ppm D. Sampling Plan: Mil-Std-105D

VI. Reliability Evaluation

A. Accelerated Life Test

The results of the 125C biased (static) life test are shown in Table 1. Using these results, the Failure Rate (λ) is calculated as follows:

$$\lambda = 1 \over MTTF$$
 = 1.83 (Chi square value for MTTF upper limit)
192 x 2454 x 79 x 2 (where 4340 = Temperature Acceleration factor assuming an acti

(where 4340 = Temperature Acceleration factor assuming an activation energy of 0.8eV)

$$\lambda = 24.6 \times 10^{-9}$$

 $\lambda = 24.6 \text{ F.I.T. (60\% confidence level @ 25°C)}$

The following failure rate represents data collected from Maxim's reliability monitor program. Maxim performs quarterly life test monitors on its processes. This data is published in the Reliability Report found at http://www.maxim-ic.com/qa/reliability/monitor. Cumulative monitor data for the S18 Process results in a FIT Rate of 0.06 @ 25C and 1.04 @ 55C (0.8 eV, 60% UCL)

B. E.S.D. and Latch-Up Testing (lot VY0ZAQ001D, D/C 1114)

The DX49 die type has been found to have all pins able to withstand a transient pulse of:

ESD-HBM: +/- 2500V per JEDEC JESD22-A114 +/- 8kV ROW/COL pins per IEC61000-4-2 ESD gun (contact): ESD gun (air gap): +/- 15kV ROW/COL pins per IEC61000-4-2

Latch-Up testing has shown that this device withstands a current of +/- 250mA and overvoltage per JEDEC JESD78.



Table 1

Reliability Evaluation Test Results

MAX7370AWA+T / MAX7370ATG+T

TEST ITEM	TEST CONDITION	FAILURE IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE SIZE	NUMBER OF FAILURES	COMMENTS
Static Life Test (No	te 1) Ta = 125C Biased Time = 192 hrs.	DC Parameters & functionality	79	0	VY0ZAQ001D, D/C 1114

Note 1: Life Test Data may represent plastic DIP qualification lots.